Combined Experience Touring



KRUGER

SAFARI-KRUGER NATIONAL PARK

Entrance Gates Opening Times:

- Camp Gates Opening Times:

Camp Gate Closing Times:

Kruger2Coast is a Lowveld based Turn-key travel service that offers affordable holiday destination packages. Due to the close proximity of all destinations we can take you from the Kruger National Park, cross border, to beautiful white sand beaches in Mozambique.

We offer a wide range of Travel opportunities that includes scenic views of the Panorama Route and Blyde River Canyon, the world's third largest Canyon situated in Mpumalanga, and features numerous waterfalls, one of the largest afforested areas in South Africa.

A trip to Swaziland or a Boat Safari in Limpopo. Mozambique coast line, Inhambane, Vilanculos and Guinjata. A 3 – 10 Day tour while enjoying the warm Indian Ocean of the Sub-Tropical Island of Macaneta, take a Boat tour to a beautiful white sand Pansy Bay, Santa Maria and Tropical Inhaca Island where we show you the beauty of coral reefs and Star Fish while Snorkeling, support a Local Restaurant and enjoy fresh seafood, drink that typical Island Cocktail served from a fresh cut Coconut Fruit. Book today to avoid any disappointment.

From Kruger to Coast bookings visit Kruge





KRUGER NATIONAL PARK







Kruger National Park is a South African National Park and one of the largest game reserves in Africa. It covers an area of 19,485 km2 (7,523 sq mi) in the provinces of Limpopo and Mpumalanga in northeastern South Africa, and extends 360 km (220 mi) from north to south and 65 km (40 mi) from east to west. The administrative headquarters are in Skukuza. Areas of the park were first protected by the government of the South African Republic in 1898, and it became South Africa's first national park in 1926.

To the west and south of the Kruger National Park are the two South African provinces of Limpopo and Mpumalanga. In the north is Zimbabwe, and to the east is Mozambique. It is now part of the Great Limpopo Transfrontier Park, a peace park that links Kruger National Park with the Gonarezhou National Park in Zimbabwe, and with the Limpopo National Park in Mozambique.







ACCOMONDATION MARLOTH PARK





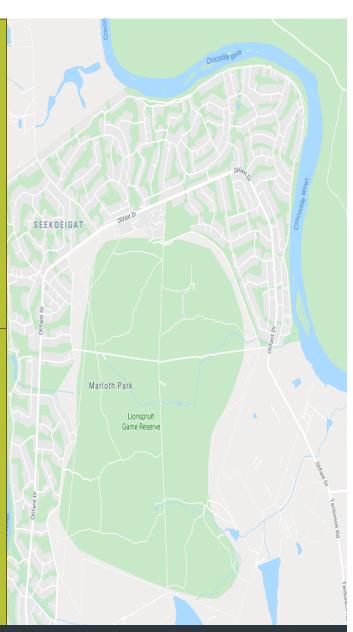




MARLOTH PARK HOLIDAY TOWN







On the bank of the Crocodile River between Malelane and Komatipoort on the N4 national highway, Marloth Park is a wildlife sanctuary and holiday town. It boasts four of the "Big Five" with the exception of elephant. Buffalo, rhino and lion are confined to Marloth's game reserve "Lionspruit"; the rest of the game such as kudu, zebra, giraffe, blue wildebeest, nyala, impala, warthog, ostrich and others aren't restricted by fences and roam freely between the units that are built on 3000 ha.

Marloth Park is a stopover point for tourists travelling to the Kruger National Park, to Mozambique or to Eswatini. Many lodges and private houses are found inside the Park.Marloth Park is a unique project. It opened in 1972 as a holiday township, though a large part of the park remained natural. There are no internal fences and the vegetation remains in its original state. Marloth Park is separated by a boundary fence and by the Crocodile River from Kruger Park. Within the park, there are giraffe, wildebeest, kudu, zebra, impala, bushbuck, warthog, baboon, vervet monkey and other small game and a rich bird life. Meanwhile, the infrastructure of the natural park is well developed. Inside Marloth Park (3,000 hectares), the freedom of movement is remarkable. Tourists can ride a bicycle or go for a walk on their own through the African bush. Movement is not confined to the housing units. While walking along the Crocodile River, visitors can watch spectacular wildlife scenes in the adjacent Kruger National Park. Local restaurants, shops and a filling station are easily accessible.





GAME DRIVES MARLOTH PARK









Our sunset Game Drive takes you on anunforgettable Bushveld sunset cruise along the Crocodile River, and stop for the ultimate Sunset Sundowner overlooking the Kruger National Park. Occasionally you can hear the Hyena callandLion Roaring.

The Big 5 Like Elephant, Buffalo, Rhino, Lion and Leopard can be spotted from the fence line between Marloth Park and the KNP.

Interacting with wild animals within MP like our Zebra is a real treat and highlights the day's events.

Caution should be taken at all times; these animals are wild and remain dangerous

PHOTO GALLERY













PHOTO GALLERY

































Inhaca Island (Ilha da Inhaca in Portuguese) is a subtropical island of Mozambique off the East African coast. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Inhaca Island

The 52 km2 (20 sq mi) island separates Maputo Bay (Baía de Maputo) to the west from the Indian Ocean off its eastern shores. The island's irregular coastline approaches the mainland Machangulo peninsula at Ponta Torres where a 500-metre-wide (1,600 ft) tidal race separates the two headlands. In administrative terms Inhaca is a municipal district of the municipality of Maputo, while the Machangulo peninsula is included under the LubomboTransfrontier Conservation Area and is part of the district of Matutuíne, Maputo Province.

The island's dimensions are approximately 12 km (n-s) by 7 km (e-w). The highest point above sea level is the 104-metre (341 ft) Mount Inhaca on the north-eastern shoreline. The south-western peninsula is known as Ponta Punduine while Ponta Torres to the south-east approaches the mainland. Two inland swamps occur at the northerly airstrip and southern Nhaquene respectively. Besides Inhaca settlement on the western shore there are five smaller villages including Inguane, Nhaquene, Ridjeni and Tobia.







Combined ExperienceTouring

ACCOMONDATION GUINJATA





BARRA & ISLAND DAY TOURS









Barra is a tourist beach in southeastern Mozambique. This holiday settlement lies on the Indian Ocean coast, on the Ponta da Barra peninsula in Inhambane Province, 25 km drive from Inhambane city. A major Mozambican tourist destination, Barra is home to beach resorts, private vacation homes, restaurants and diving charters.

Snorkeling is popular below the Barra Lighthouse at low tide where there is a natural tidal pool. The wreck of the SS Inharrime, an Italian built cargo ship that ran aground in 1949, lies exposed nearby. The Barra and Tofo area is one of the global hotspots for divers to see whale sharks, sea turtles and manta rays.

Notable sites in the surrounding district of Inhambane and Vilanculos include Bazaruto National Park, the largest sea park in Africa, the Praia do Tofo, Praia dos Cocos, Ponto do Barra, Ilha de Benquerra, Bazaruto National Sea park, Guinjata Bay. Scuba diving in Inhambane is particularly popular in locations such as Manta Reef and Gallaria. Giant manta rays, whale sharks, turtles and other marine life are regularly seen and there are many professional scuba diving operations throughout the province. Many tourists are under the impression that they can dive from Inhambane itself. The closest diving to Inhambane is actually at Praia do Tofo - 22 km from Inhambane City. Tofo is known as the whale shark mecca of the world.



